

let $u = \alpha_2 x^2 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_0$ $w = \beta_2 x^2 + \beta_1 x + \beta_0$

$u(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha_0 = 0$ $w(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \beta_0 = 0$

$u(1) = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = 1 - \alpha_2$ $w(1) = 0 \Rightarrow \beta_2 = -\beta_1$

$$\int_0^1 (2\beta_2 x + \beta_1)(2\alpha_2 x + \alpha_1) dx = \int_0^1 (\alpha_2 x^2 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_0)(\beta_2 x^2 + \beta_1 x + \beta_0) dx - 4 \int_0^1 (\beta_2 x^2 + \beta_1 x + \beta_0) x dx = 0$$

$$\int_0^1 (2\beta_2 x - \beta_2)(2\alpha_2 x + 1 - \alpha_2) dx = \int_0^1 [\alpha_2 x^2 + (1 - \alpha_2)x][\beta_2 x^2 - \beta_2 x] dx - 4 \int_0^1 (\beta_2 x^2 - \beta_2 x) x dx = 0 \quad 7$$

$$\frac{\alpha_2}{3} - \frac{2\alpha_2 + 15}{60} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \alpha_2 = \frac{5}{6}, \alpha_1 = \frac{1}{6} \quad \Rightarrow u(x) = \frac{5}{6}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x \quad 7$$

2. 57 "C" " " " " " " " " " " "

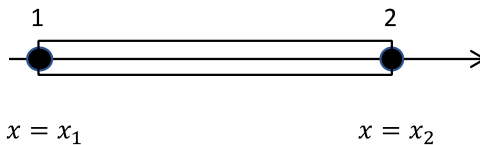
$$x \frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} + \frac{du}{dx} - 4x = 0, 1 < x < 2$$

" " " $u(1) = u(2) = 0$

(a) 37 "F" " " " " " " " " " " 0

(b) 42 "H" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

" " " H "3" " " " " " "



H "3" "C" " " " "

$$x \frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} + \frac{du}{dx} - 4x = 0 \quad 1 < x < 2$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(x \frac{du}{dx} \right) - 4x = 0$$

$$\int_1^2 w \frac{d}{dx} \left(x \frac{du}{dx} \right) - 4 \int_1^2 wx dx = 0$$

$$tx = 0 \quad w \left(x \frac{du}{dx} \right) \Big|_{x=1}^{x=2} - \int_1^2 \frac{dw}{dx} \left(x \frac{du}{dx} \right) - 4 \int_1^2 wx dx$$

Find $u(x)$ among the smooth functions that satisfy $u(1) = u(2) = 0$ such that

$$\int_1^2 \frac{dw}{dx} \left(x \frac{du}{dx} \right) = -4 \int_1^2 wx dx \quad \forall w \quad w(1) = 0, w(2) = 0$$

8

4

$$\frac{d}{dx}(EA \frac{du}{dx}) + b(x) = 0 \quad \text{where } b(x) = -4x \quad EA = x$$



shape → $u^e(x) = \frac{1}{x_2 - x_1} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 - x & x - x_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$ 4

→ $B = \frac{1}{x_2 - x_1} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 4



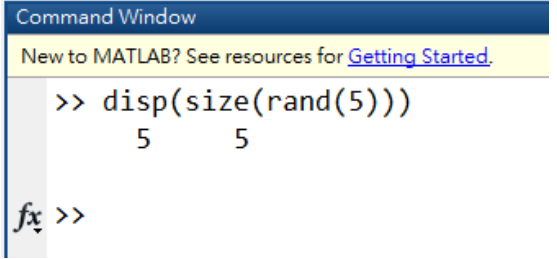
→ $K = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} B^T A E B dx \quad f^e = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} N^T b(x) dx$



$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (-4x) dx \\ \vdots \\ 2x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{(x_2 - x_1)^2} \int_{x_1}^{x_2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} x \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} dx \\ & = \frac{x_2 + x_1}{2(x_2 - x_1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} \frac{1}{x_2 - x_1} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 - x \\ x - x_1 \end{bmatrix} (-4x) dx \\ & = \frac{2(x_1 - x_2)}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2x_1 \\ x_1 + x_2 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

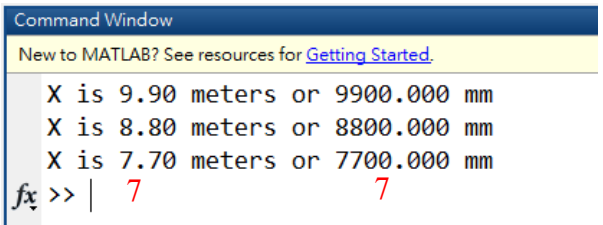
3. 52 " " " " " " " " " C CD' A'

```
disp(size(rand(5)))
```



" 32

```
A1 = [9.9, 9900];
A2 = [8.8, 7.7 ; ...
      8800, 7700];
formatSpec = 'X is %4.2f meters or %8.3f mm\n';
fprintf(formatSpec,A1,A2)
```



" 37

```
A = [1 2 3 4; 5 6 7 8; 9 10 11 12; 13 14 15 16];  
disp(A(:,2:3)) ←  
disp(A(:, :)) ←  
disp(A(:)) ←
```

```
Command Window  
New to MATLAB? See resources for Getting Started.  
  
2 3  
6 7 7  
10 11  
14 15  
  
1 2 3 4  
5 6 7 8 7  
9 10 11 12  
13 14 15 16  
  
1  
5  
9  
13  
2  
6  
10 7  
14  
3  
7  
11  
15  
4  
8  
12  
16  
  
fx >> |
```