

1.3 Difficulties associated with application of “classical” weak form

A

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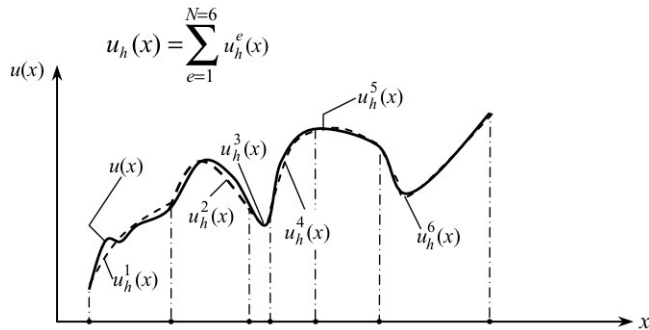
$$(1.10) \quad u(x) = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i \phi_i(x)$$

F

approximation functions

() . I () , () G () T

seeking approximate solution on a collection of subdomains ()



T

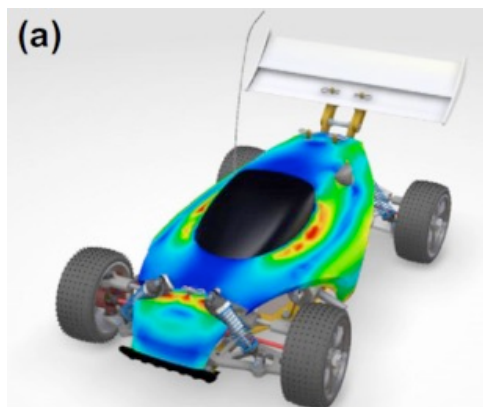
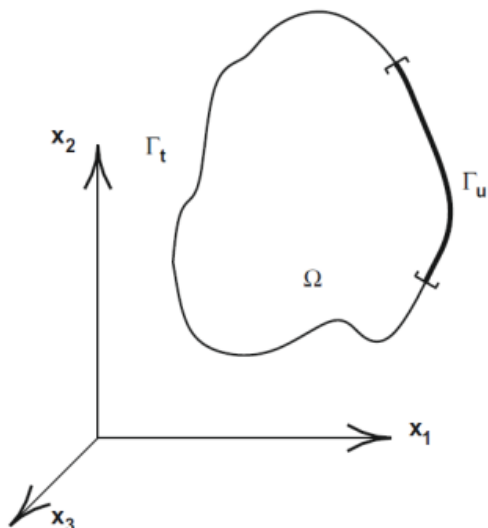
u

essential

. I

$$a_i \quad u = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i \phi_i$$

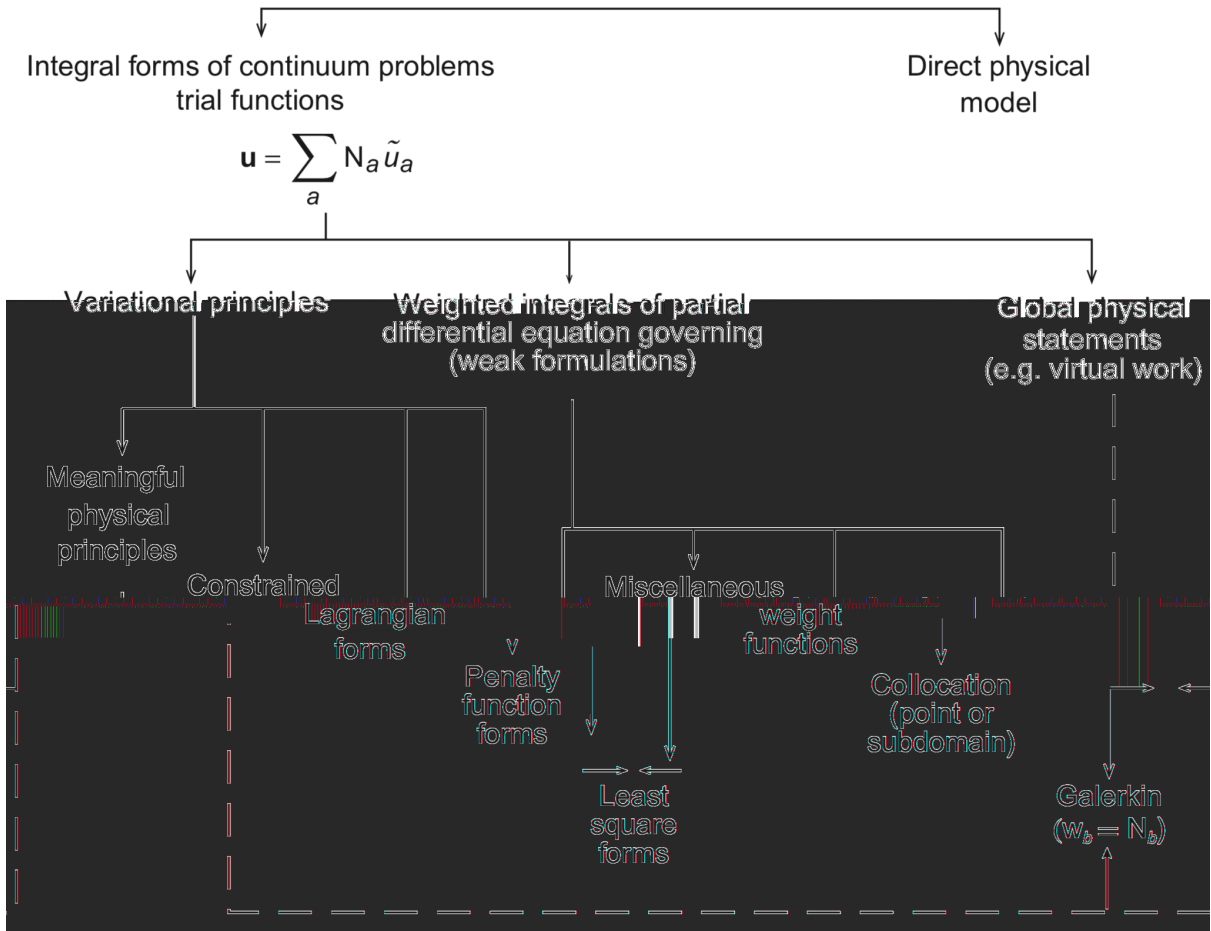
. T , ,



H _____ ?
 A C 2, the finite element method nodal unknowns.

1.4 Chapter Summary

1. T (M R) G : -
 in terms of unknown parameters
2. T need not be as smooth as solutions of the strong form, . . . they have weaker continuity requirements $u(x)$.
3. A energy functional
 . A
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 (. . ,)
4. T ; . C C
 3 4 , T (7 , 2013)



$\int_V \delta u^T \cdot \mathbf{G} \cdot \mathbf{u} - \int_V \delta u^T \cdot \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{u} - \int_V \delta u^T \cdot \mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0$

any elastic system (linear and nonlinear elastic systems). T

- 5. T : (1)
- (2) **admissible** 2D 3D
- (\cdot, \cdot , G , R , R).

6. The finite element method nodal unknowns. T