## Linear Algebra Fall 2024, Homework # 3

Due: Nov. 15, 2024

1. (20 pts) For the following matrix,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 & 3 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) (6 pts) calculate the characteristic polynomial of A,
- (b) (4 pts) find the eigenvalues of A,
- (c) (5 pts) find a basis for each eigenspace of A, (For simplicity, choose a basis not to have a fraction)
- (d) (5 pts) determine whether A is diagonizable. If yes, find an invertible matrix P and a diagonal matrix D such that  $P^{-1}AP = D$ .

Show your work in sufficient detail.

- 2. (20 pts) Suppose that  $\{v_1, v_2, ..., v_k\}$  form a basis for the null space of a square matrix A and that  $C = B^{-1}AB$  for some invertible matrix B. Find a basis for the null space of C. (Hint: you must show your "basis" to be linearly independent, and also spans the null space of C.)
- 3. (20 pts)
  - (a) (10 pts) Let A be an  $n \times n$  matrix with eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, ..., \lambda_n$ . Recall that these are the roots of the characteristic polynomial of A, defined as  $f(\lambda) = det(A \lambda I)$ . Show that the determinant of A is equal to the product of its eigenvalues, i.e.

$$det(A) = \lambda_1 \times \lambda_2 \dots \times \lambda_n.$$

(Hint: Consider the highest order term of the characteristic polynomial and f(0). Pay special attention to the +/- sign of the highest order term, i.e.,  $\lambda^n$ , of the characteristic polynomial.)

(b) (10 pts) Given an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A = vv^T$ , where v is an  $n \times 1$  column vector. Find an eigenvalue and an eigenvector of A.

4. (20 pts) For the space 
$$\mathbb{R}^4$$
, let  $w_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$   $w_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\-1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$   $y = \begin{bmatrix} 6\\0\\2\\0 \end{bmatrix}$  and let  $W = span\{w_1, w_2\}.$ 

- (a) Find a basis for W consisting of two orthogonal vectors
- (b) Express y as the sum of a vector in W and a vector in  $W^{\perp}$ . That is, find a  $w \in W$  and  $w' \in W^{\perp}$  such that y = w + w'.

Show your work in sufficient detail.

5. (20 pts) Consider the following matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and vector  $b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (a) Find the orthogonal projection of b onto Col(A).
- (b) Find a least square solution of Ax = b.

Show your work in sufficient detail.