Grammar in use Intermediate

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現在式與過去式
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2 現在簡單式 (I do)
3 現在進行式與現在簡單式 (I am doing & I do)
4 現在進行式與現在簡單式 (I am doing & I did)
5 過去簡單式 (I did)
6 過去進行式 (I was doing)

現在完成式與過去式
7 現在完成式 (I have done)
8 現在完成式與過去簡單式 (I have done & I did)
9 現在完成式與過去簡單式 (I have done & I did)
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11 現在完成式與現在完成式 (I have been doing & I have done)
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15 過去完成進行式 (I had been doing)
16 have & have got
17 used to (do)

未式
18 表示未來意思之現在式 (I am doing / I do)
19 (I'm) going to (do)
20 will
21 will
22 I will & I'm going to
23 will be doing & will have done
24 When I do / When I've done when & if

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25 can / could & (be) able to
26 could (do) & could have (done)
27 must (You must be tired 會)
28 may & might 1
29 may & might 2
30 have to & must
31 should
32 應該做 ... (I suggest you do)
33 had better It's time ...?
34 would
35 Can / Could / Would you ...? 等 (表請求、提供協助、許可、與邀請)

如果您不知道應該先讀哪些單元，請利用 319 頁的學習指引。
If I wish
36 If I do... 其 It if I did... 之比較
37 If I know... I wish I knew...
38 If I had known... I wish I had known...
39 wish

被動形動
40 被動形動 1 (is done / was done)
41 被動形動 2 (be done / been done / being done)
42 被動形動 3
43 It is said that... He is said to... He is supposed to...
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48 問句 2 (Do you know where...? / He asked me where...)
49 動詞 (have/do/can 等) I think so / I hope so 等
50 附加問句 (do you? / isn't it? 等)

-ing 與不定調
51 動詞 + -ing (enjoy doing / stop doing 等)
52 動詞 + to... (decide to... / forget to... 等)
53 動詞 + (to) + to... (I want you to... 等)
54 動詞 + -ing or to... (remember/to get 等)
55 動詞 + -ing, to... (try/need/help 等)
56 動詞 + -ing or to... (like / would like 等)
57 prefer 與 would rather
58 介詞 + (in/for/about 等) + -ing
59 be/get used to (something I'm used to...)
60 動詞 + 介詞 + -ing (succeed in -ing / accuse somebody of -ing 等)
61 物質 + 名詞 + -ing
62 表面的之 To... for 等 so that
63 形容詞 + to...
64 to... (afraid of to) 与 介詞 + -ing (afraid of -ing)
65 see somebody do / see somebody doing
66 -ing 形容 (Feeling tired, I went to bed early.)

重要名詞
67 可數名詞與不可數名詞 1
68 可數名詞與不可數名詞 2
69 可數名詞與 a/an 等 some
70 a/an the the 1
71 the 1 the 2
72 the 2 (school / the school 等)
73 the 3 (children / the children)
74 the + (the giraffe / the telephone / the piano 等; the + 形容詞)
75 專有名詞如 the 1 the 不如 the 1
76 專有名詞如 the 1 the 不如 the 2
77 單數與複數
78 名詞 + 名詞 (a tennis ball / a headache 等)
79 X's (your sister's name) + of... (the name of the book)

代名詞與形容
80 myself / yourself / themselves 等
81 A friend of mine / my own house / by myself
82 there... and it...
83 some / any
84 no / none / any nothing / nobody / nothing / nobody 等
85 much / many / little / few 等 a lot / plenty
86 all / all of / most / most of / no / none of / all / every / all
87 both / both of / neither / neither of / either / either of
88 all / every / all / whole
89 each / every

關係子句
90 關係子句 1: 有 who / that / which 之關係子句
91 關係子句 2: 有與沒有 who / that / which 之關係子句
92 關係子句 3: whose / whom / where
93 關係子句 4: 詞法用關係子句 (1)
94 關係子句 5: 詞法用關係子句 (2)
95 -ing 與 -ed 形容 (the woman talking to Tom, the boy injured in the accident)

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97 形容詞: a nice new house / you look tired
98 形容詞用動詞 1 (quick / quickly)
99 形容詞用動詞 2 (well / fast / late / hard / hardly)
100 so 與 such
101 enough 與 too
102 比較級 1 (cheaper / more expensive 等)
103 比較級 2 (much better / any better / better and better / the sooner the better)
104 比較級 3 (as... as / than)
105 形容詞用動詞 (the longest / the most enjoyable)
106 動名順序 1: 動詞 + 受詞: 地點與時間
107 動名順序 2: 名詞 + 動詞
108 still 與 already / anymore / any longer / no longer
109 even

連接詞與介詞
110 although / though / even though / in spite of / despite
111 in case
112 unless as long as provided / providing
113 as (at the same time) 與 as (because)
114 like / as
115 like / as if / as though
116 for some / while
117 by 與 until / by the time...
關於 Grammar in Use Intermediate 中譯版

由 Raymond Murphy 所編寫的 Grammar in Use (Intermediate)，是作者根據其多年的教學經驗所編寫而成的文法書，暢銷數十年，且已譯成多國語言。其特色為解釋清楚，少有深奧的文法術語，而最重要的是提供實用情境的例句，使學習者能夠將所學的文法應用於實際的語言使用情境。此譯本詳實的翻譯了原著中的文法解釋，但保留原著書少用文法尷尬用法的精隨，並且針對意思與用法不易了解的句型提供例句中文翻譯，以協助讀者掌握各句型的意思。前一版的中文譯本發行後，深受高中英文老師與大學教授的歡迎與推薦；此次新版針對部分內容進行調整，並且新增了一些單元說明片語動詞及一個單元例解 with 的用法。這樣一本著重強調實用文法句型之用法的文法書，對於國內準備大學及研究所升學考試、全民英檢 (GEPT)、託福 (TOEFL)、多益 (TOEIC)、雅思 (IELTS) 等英文進修考試的英文學習者，實在是一本備用英文能力必備的利器。

感謝我的老師，前台灣師範大學翻譯所李宏中教授、以及台灣師範大學英語系李彥教授，擔任本書的審稿者。對於中文用字遣詞、文法內容多有指正；並感謝我的研究助理呂佩靜、林慧貞、陳冠霖幫我終行中文編輯。最後感謝創議大學出版社新加坡分部的 Richard Walker、Katherine Wong，以及其他所有參與本書編輯工作的所有同仁。

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彰化師範大學英語系

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譯者畢業於國立台南師範大學英語系，美國伊利諾大學香檳校區 (University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign) 語言學博士，現任國立彰化師範大學英語系助理教授，長期從事英文閱讀與寫作的研究與教學，對於台灣學生學習英文所面臨的困難，特別在英文寫作方面，有深入的瞭解與研究。
Exercises

36.1 从句型例句。依各句意意，填入适当的动词形式。

1. They would be hurt if _______ go _______ their party. (not / go)
2. If you got more exercise, you ______ feel _______. (feel)
3. If they offered me the job, I think I _______ it. (take)
4. A lot of people would be out of work if the car factory _______ (close down)
5. If I told my car, I _______ much money for it. (not / get)
6. (in an elevator) What would happen if somebody _______ that red button? (press)
7. I’m sure Amy will lend you the money, I’d be very surprised if she _______. (refuse)
8. Liz gave me this ring. She _______ very upset if I lost it. (be)
9. Dave and Kate are expecting us. They would be very disappointed if we _________ (not / come)
10. Would Bob mind if I _______ his bike without asking him? (borrow)
11. What would you do if somebody _______ in here with a gun? (walk)
12. I’m sure Sue _______ if you explained the situation to her. (understand)

36.2 以 What would you do if _______? 的句型，询问你的朋友下面问题。

1. (imagine – you win a lot of money) What would you do if you won a lot of money?
2. (imagine – you lose your passport) What _______.
3. (imagine – there’s a fire in the building) What _______.
4. (imagine – you’re in an elevator and it stops between floors) What _______.

36.3 从句型例句，依各句的对话内容，完成句子。

A: Should we catch the 10:30 train?  B: No. (arrive too early) If we caught the 10:30 train we’d arrive too early.
2. A: Is Ken going to take the driver’s test?  B: No. (fail) If he _______.
3. A: Why don’t we stay at a hotel?  B: No. (cost too much) If _______.
4. A: Is Sally going to apply for the job?  B: No. (not / get it) If _______.
5. A: Let’s tell them the truth.  B: No. (not / believe us) If _______.
6. A: Why don’t we invite Bill to the party?  B: No. (have to invite his friends, too) If _______.

36.4 造句并用自己曾用的表达。完成下列各句。

1. If you got more exercise, you ______ feel better.
2. I’d feel very angry _______.
3. If I didn’t go to work tomorrow, _______.
4. Would you go to the party if _______.
5. If you bought a car, _______.
6. Would you mind _______.
**Exercises**

### 37.1 依各句意題，填入適當的動詞時形式。

1. If I [know (know) his phone number, I would call him.
2. I [wouldn't buy (not / buy) that coat if I were you.
3. I [help (help) you if I could, but I can't afford it.
4. We [would need a car if we (live / not live) in the countryside.
5. If I had the choice, we [would live (live) in the countryside.
6. This soup isn't very good. It [taste (taste) better if it weren't so salty.
7. I [wouldn't mind living in Maine if the weather (be / be / not be) better.
8. If I were you, I [wouldn't (no / wait) I [wouldn't (go / go) to bed so late every night.
9. You're always tired. If you [sleep (not / sleep) it'll help.
10. I think there are too many cars. If there [were (be / not be) so many cars, there [would be (be / not be) so much pollution.

### 37.2 依各句意題，以 if...完成句子。

1. We don't see you very often because you live so far away.
   * If you didn't live so far away, we'd see you more often.

2. This book is expensive, so I'm not going to buy it.
   * If I didn't know about the sale.

3. We don't go out to eat because we can't afford it.
   * If we didn't have so much money.

4. I can't meet you tomorrow. I have to work late.
   * If I wasn't free tomorrow.

5. It's raining, so we can't have lunch on the patio.
   * If it wasn't raining.

6. I don't want his advice, and that's why I'm not going to ask for it.
   * If I didn't need his advice.

### 37.3 依各句意題，以 I wish 完成句子。

1. I don't know many people (and I'm lonely). I wish [I knew (know) more people.
2. I don't have a cell phone (and I need one). I wish [I had (have) a cell phone.
3. Amandine isn't here (and I need to see her). I wish [Amandine were (be) here.
4. I'm cold (and I hate cold weather). I wish [I were (be) somewhere warmer.
5. I live in a big city (and I don't like it). I wish [I were (be) somewhere peaceful.
6. I can't go to the party (and I'd like to). I wish [I were (be) richer.
7. I have to work tomorrow (but I'd like to stay in bed). I wish [I were (be) a writer.

8. I don't know anything about cars (and my car has just broken down).
9. I'm not feeling well (and that's not pleasant).
10. I'm not sure if I can afford it.

### 37.4 依各句意題，以 I wish 完成句子。

1. (somewhere you'd like to be now – on the beach, in Hawaii, in bed, etc.)
   * If I were (to live in Hawaii, I'd be happier.

2. (something you'd like to have – a computer, a good job, more friends, etc.)
   * If I had a computer, I'd be happier.

3. (something you'd like to be able to do – sing, speak a language, fly, etc.)
   * If I could speak Spanish, I'd be able to communicate.

4. (something you'd like to be – beautiful, strong, rich, etc.)
   * If I were beautiful, I'd be more confident.

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注意：could 的用法，有時會意為 would be able to，有時是 was / were able to。
**Exercises**

**UNIT 38**

**38.1 依各句意思，填入適當的動詞形式。**

1. I didn't know you were in the hospital. **If** I'd known, I would have gone to see you.
2. John got to the station in time to catch the train. **If** John had been late, he might have missed his interview.
3. I'm glad that you reminded me about Rachel's birthday. **If** you hadn't reminded me, I might have forgotten.
4. Unfortunately, I didn't have my address book with me when I was on vacation. **If** I'd had your address, I might have sent you a postcard.
5. A: How was your trip? Did you have a nice time?
   B: It was OK. The weather was nice.
6. I took a taxi to the hotel, but the traffic was bad. **If** the traffic hadn't been so bad, I might have been quicker.
7. I'm not tired. **If** I went to bed earlier, I might have been more energetic.
8. I wasn't tired last night. **If** I went to bed earlier, I might have felt better.

**38.2 依各句意思，以 **If** ... 完成句子。**

1. I wasn't hungry, so I didn't eat anything. **If** I'd been hungry, I would have eaten something.
2. The accident happened because the road was icy. **If** it hadn't rained, the accident might not have happened.
3. I didn't know that Matt had to get up early, so I didn't wake him up. **If** I'd known, I might have woken him up.
4. I was able to buy the car only because Jim lent me the money. **If** I hadn't borrowed the money, I might not have been able to buy the car.
5. Michelle wasn't injured in the crash because she was wearing her seat belt. **If** she hadn't been wearing her seat belt, she might have been injured.
6. You didn't have any breakfast - that's why you're hungry now. **If** you had had breakfast, you might not be so hungry now.
7. I didn't take a taxi because I didn't have any money. **If** I had had any money, I might have taken a taxi.

**38.3 想象你自己身處下面各態的情境之中，並以 **I wish** 完成句子。**

1. You've eaten too much and now you feel sick. You say: **I wish I hadn't eaten so much.**
2. There was a job advertised in the newspaper. You decided not to apply for it. Now you regret this. You say: **I wish I had applied for the job.**
3. When you were younger, you didn't learn to play a musical instrument. Now you regret this. You say: **I wish I had learned to play the piano.**
4. You've painted the door red. Now you think that red was the wrong color. You say: **I wish I hadn't painted the door red.**
5. You are walking in the countryside. You'd like to take some pictures, but you didn't bring your camera. You say: **I wish I'd brought my camera.**
6. You have some unexpected guests. They didn't call to say they were coming. You are very busy and you are not prepared for them. You say (to yourself): **I wish I had known they were coming.**

had done Unit 14 if I did Unit 36 If I knew I wish I knew Unit 37 wish Unit 39
**Exercises**

### 39.1 依句子意思，填入 wish(ed) 或 hope(d)。

1. I ______ you a pleasant stay here.
2. Enjoy your vacation. I ______ you have a great time.
3. Goodbye. I ______ you all the best.
4. We said goodbye to each other and ______ each other luck.
5. We’re going on a picnic tomorrow, so I ______ the weather is nice.
6. I ______ you luck in your new job. I ______ it works out well for you.

### 39.2 在下列情景中你会怎么说？

1. 我想，我会想。
2. 你想去巴西。
3. 你想去巴西。
4. 你想去巴西。
5. 你想去巴西。

### 39.3 判断下面句子是否为正确的句子，并将不正确的句子改正。

1. I wish Sarah were here now. (I wish Sarah were here now.)
2. I wish you would listen to me. (I wish you would listen to me.)
3. I wish I had more free time. (I wish I had more free time.)
4. I wish our house would be a little bigger. (I wish our house would be a little bigger.)
5. I wish the weather would change. (I wish the weather would change.)
6. I wish you wouldn’t complain all the time. (I wish you wouldn’t complain all the time.)
7. I wish everything wouldn’t be so expensive. (I wish everything wouldn’t be so expensive.)

### 39.4 依句意，用括号内的字，拟出适当的副动词形式完成各句。

1. It was a stupid thing to say. I ______ it. (I / not / say)
2. I’m fed up with this rain. I ______ it. (I / not / stop)
3. It’s a difficult question. I ______ the answer. (I / know)
4. I should have listened to you. I ______ your advice. (I / take)
5. You’re lucky to be going to Peru. I ______ you. (I / can / come)
6. I have absolutely no energy. I ______ so tired. (I / not / be)
7. They’re not ready yet! I ______ them up. (They / hurry)
8. It would be nice to stay here longer. I ______ to go now. (I / can / stay)
9. When we were in Cairo last year, we didn’t have time to see all the things we wanted to see. I ______ longer. (I / can / stay)
10. It’s freezing today. I ______ so cold. I hate cold weather. (It / not / be)
11. Joe still doesn’t know what he wants to do. I ______ (he / decide)
12. I really didn’t enjoy the party. I ______. (I / not / go)
UNIT 31

31.1 a. should look for another job.
  b. shouldn't go to bed so late.
  c. should take a walk.
  d. shouldn't use her car so much.
  e. should put some pictures on the wall.

31.2 a. I don't think you should go out tonight.
  b. you should apply for the job.
  c. I don't think the government should cut taxes.

31.3 a. should come.
  b. should do.
  c. should have done.
  d. should have seen.
  e. should have arrived.

31.4 a. should have reserved a table.
  b. the more should be open by now.
  c. the store should have opened by now.
  d. shouldn't be driving at all.
  e. shouldn't be driving 50 miles an hour.
  f. should have written it down.
  g. shouldn't have been driving right behind another car.
  h. I should have looked where I was going. I should have been looking.

UNIT 32

32.1 a. 1. I say a little longer.
  b. I wish I had more energy.
  c. I want to see you.
  d. I could use a vacation.
  e. I'd love to hear from you.
  f. I'd love to fly to Paris.
  g. I'd love to see you.
  h. I'd love to go to Mexico. If it would like to go.

32.2 a. I'd enjoy the walk.
  b. I'd enjoy the view.
  c. I'd enjoy the sea.
  d. I'd enjoy the city.
  e. I'd enjoy the mountains.
  f. I'd enjoy the beach.
  g. I'd enjoy the music.
  h. I'd enjoy the food.

32.3 a. a. walk to work in the morning.
  b. I take a walk.
  c. I walk to the beach.
  d. I walk in the park.
  e. I walk on the beach.

UNIT 33

33.1 a. You'd better get a babysitter on it.
  b. You'd better come home.
  c. You'd better not come.
  d. You'd better not go to work.
  e. You'd better get a babysitter.

33.2 a. I'd rather not go.
  b. I'd rather have a picture.
  c. I'd rather have a cake.
  d. I'd rather have a book.

33.3 a. (a) I said.
  b. (b) You said.
  c. (c) I thought.
  d. (d) He said.

33.4 a. took / had a vacation.
  b. It's time to leave.
  c. It's time to go home.
  d. It's time to leave.

UNIT 34

34.1 a. Do you think you could turn the music down? / ... turn it down?
  b. Is it OK if I come and see you this afternoon?
  c. Do you think I could have a look at your newspaper?
  d. Do you think I could have a look at your newspaper?

34.3 a. Can/Could I have your help now? I don't know what to do.
  b. Could you please do it for me?
  c. I don't know what to do.
  d. I don't know what to do.

34.4 a. I'd like to fly to Paris.
  b. I'd love to see you.
  c. I'd love to hear from you.
  d. I'd love to fly to Paris.

34.5 a. You don't have to / You don't have to.
  b. You don't have to.
  c. You don't have to.
  d. You don't have to.

34.6 a. I'd rather not go to work.
  b. I'd rather not go to work.
  c. I'd rather not go to work.
  d. I'd rather not go to work.

UNIT 35

35.1 a. Can / Could I leave a message for her? / Can / Could I leave my message for her?
  b. Can / Could I leave a message for her?
  c. Can / Could I leave a message for her?
  d. Can / Could I leave a message for her?

35.2 a. She's been everywhere.
  b. She's been everywhere.
  c. She's been everywhere.
  d. She's been everywhere.

35.3 a. I don't know what to do.
  b. I don't know what to do.
  c. I don't know what to do.
  d. I don't know what to do.

UNIT 36

36.1 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

36.2 a. I'd have to buy a ticket.
  b. I'd have to buy a ticket.
  c. I'd have to buy a ticket.
  d. I'd have to buy a ticket.

UNIT 37

37.1 a. I don't know what to do.
  b. I don't know what to do.
  c. I don't know what to do.
  d. I don't know what to do.

37.3 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

UNIT 38

38.1 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

38.2 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

UNIT 39

39.1 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

39.2 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.

39.3 a. I'd have to think about it.
  b. I'd have to think about it.
  c. I'd have to think about it.
  d. I'd have to think about it.