## Introduction to Real Analysis, Quiz 6

- 1. (25 pts) Define "K is a compact set in the metric space X".
- 2. (15 pts each) Is the set S compact in X? Proofs are needed.
  - (i)  $X = \mathbb{R}^2$ . S is some open ball  $N_r(x)$  for r > 0.
  - (ii) S is an empty set.
  - (iii)  $X = \mathbb{R}^5$ . S is a non-empty finite set.
- 3. (24 pts) Given X being a metric space and  $K \subset Y \subset X$ . Prove that K is compact in Y if and only if K is compact in X.
- 4. (24 pts) Let F be a closed set and K be a compact set. Prove that  $F \cap K$  is a compact set.
- 5. (20 pts) Let  $K = \{0\} \cup \left\{\frac{1}{n} \middle| n \in \mathbb{N}\right\}$ . Prove that K is compact without using Heine-Borel Theorem.