賽局論作業 (古慧雯)

- 1. Please read sections 12.1–12.4.
- 2. In the textbook, it is said:

Properties (K3) is really redundant because it can be deduced from (K2) and (K4).

Recall that

$$\begin{array}{ll} (K2) & KE \subseteq E \\ (K3) & KE \subseteq K^2E \\ (K4) & PE \subseteq KPE \end{array}$$

Please prove this claim using (K2) and (K4) without involving any other theorems.

- 3. Please practice 12.12.4 (on p.377) yourself, and write down the proof that (K0)–(K4) implies (P4).
- 4. 12.12.8
- 5. 12.12.14
- 6. Consider the universe $\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. A's possibility sets are known as follows: $P_A(1) = \{1, 2\}, P_A(3) = \{3, 4, 5\}$.
 - (a) Name a truism for A.
 - (b) In which state will A know that the event $\{4, 5\}$ has occurred?
 - (c) B's possibility sets (known to A) are as follows: $P_B(1) = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $P_B(4) = \{4, 5\}$. B is allowed to tell A how many elements B's current possibility set contains. How will B's announcement change A's possibility partition?