

# 從信號與系統到控制

單元：Z轉換-4

Z轉換範例 - 三角函數

授課老師：連 豐 力

# 單元學習目標與大綱

- 根據 **Z轉換** 的公式與關係式
- 計算 **三角函數** 的 Z轉換
- 介紹 **Z轉換** 後的 **收斂區間** 特性

# 傅立葉轉換 與 Z轉換



$$r e^{j\omega} = z$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} \quad X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] z^{-n}$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \mathcal{F} \{ x(t) \} \quad X(z) = \mathcal{Z} \{ x[n] \}$$

$$x[n] = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \{ X(e^{j\omega}) \} \quad x[n] = \mathcal{Z}^{-1} \{ X(z) \}$$

# 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) u[n]$$

$$\sin(s) = \frac{1}{2j} (e^{js} - e^{-js})$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) = \frac{1}{2j} \left[ e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \left( e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n - \left( e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n \right]$$

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \left( e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n - \left( e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n \right] u[n]$$

# 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$\begin{aligned}
 x[n] &= \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n - \left(e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n \right] u[n] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \left(\frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n \right] u[n]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x[n] = a^n u[n] &\xleftrightarrow{\text{ZT}} X(z) = \frac{z}{z-a} \quad |z| > |a| \\
 \left(\frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n u[n] &\xleftrightarrow{\text{ZT}} \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}} \quad |z| > \left|\frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right|
 \end{aligned}$$

## 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \left( \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n - \left( \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)^n \right] u[n]$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}} - \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}} \right]$$

$|z| > \frac{1}{3}$        $|z| > \frac{1}{3}$

# 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$\begin{aligned}
 X(z) &= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}} - \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}} \right] \quad |z| > \frac{1}{3} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j} \frac{z \left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right) - z \left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)}{\left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right) \left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)} \\
 &= \frac{z \frac{1}{3} \left[ \frac{1}{2j} \left( e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right) \right]}{\left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right) \left( z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(s) = \frac{1}{2j} (e^{js} - e^{-js})$$

# 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$\begin{aligned}
 X(z) &= \frac{z \frac{1}{3} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{\left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right) \left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{\left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right) \left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)} \\
 &= \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6} z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right) \left(z - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

• 零點 (Zero) :  $z = 0$

• 極點 (Pole) :  $z = \frac{1}{3} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}$        $z = \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}$



# 三角函數的 Z 轉換

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) u[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{ZT}} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)\left(z - \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)}$$

$$|z| > \frac{1}{3}$$

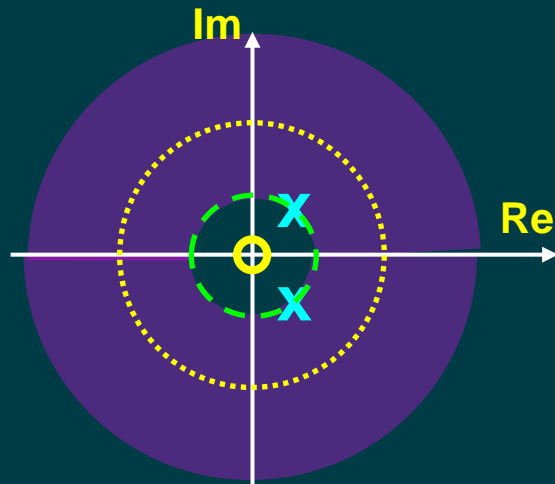
• 零點 (Zero) :

$$z = 0$$

• 極點 (Pole) :

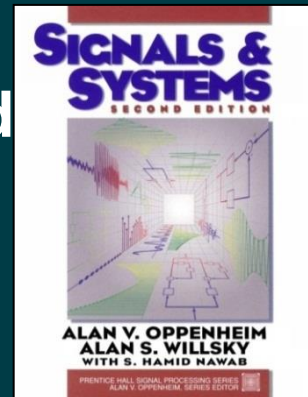
$$z = \frac{1}{3}e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}$$
$$z = \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

• 收斂區間 (ROC)



# 參考文獻

- Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky, S. Hamid  
**Signals & Systems**,  
Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition, 1997



- **SciLab:**  
Open source software for numerical computation  
<http://www.scilab.org/>