Homework 4: Stability, Controllability, Observability

- Problem 4-1:
 - Consider the system and let:





- where *K* > 0.
- Determine the values of *K* for which the closed-loop system is stable.

Problem 4-2:

• Is the following system (a) stable, (b) observable, (c) controllable?

$$\mathbf{x}(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -0.5 \\ 0 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$$
$$y(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}(k)$$

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 $x(0) = \left| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right|_{1}^{-1}$

- Problem 4-3:
 - Consider the system:

$$\mathbf{x}(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$$

- a) Determine a control sequence such that the system is taken from the initial state, x(0), to the origin.
- b) Which is the minimum number steps that solve the problem in (a).
- c) Explain why it is not possible to find a sequence of control signals such that the state [1, 1, 1]^T is reached from the origin.

Problem 4-4:

- Given the system: $(q^2 + 0.4q)y[k] = u[k]$
- a) For which values of K in the proportional controller: u[k] = K[r(k) y(k)] is the closed-loop system stable?
- b) Determine the stationary error r(k) y(k)when r(k) is a step function and when K = 0.5 in the controller in (a).