$\qquad$ Name: $\qquad$

## Computer Science

Homework for Chapter 1

1. The bit pattern 1010101111001101 can be represented in hexadecimal notation as $\begin{array}{llll}\text { A. } 795 \mathrm{C} & \text { B. ABCD } & \text { C. D56F } & \text { D. B49F }\end{array}$
2. Which of the following systems is least efficient when encoding numeric values? A. Two's complement notation B. Excess notation
C. ASCII
D. Floating-point notation
3. Using a two's complement notation system in which each value is represented by a pattern of six bits, represent the value -13 .
A. 110011
B. 111001
C. 111101
D. 001101
4. Which of the following is the binary representation of $63 / 8$ ?
A. 100.11
B. 100.011
C. 110.11
D. 110.011
5. Which of the following values cannot be stored accurately using a floating-point format in which the most significant bit is the sign bit, the next three bits represent the exponent field in excess notation, and the last four bits represent the mantissa?
A. $21 / 2$
B. $3 / 16$
C. 7
D. $61 / 4$
6. Which of the following is a means of encoding music?
A. ASCII
B. MIDI
C. JPEG
D. GIF
$\qquad$ 7. Which of the following mass storage system does not require physical motion?
A. Magnetic tape
B. Magnetic disk
C. DVDs
D. Flash drives
$8-10$. The following is an error-correcting code in which any two patterns differ by a Hamming distance of at least three.
Symbol Representation

| A | 000000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| B | 001111 |
| C | 010011 |
| D | 011100 |
| E | 100110 |
| F | 101001 |
| G | 110101 |
| H | 111010 |

Decode each of the following patterns
$\qquad$ 010000 101010
010010
11. In the following table, connect the term to each phrase that gives the best description of the term. (50\%)
Term
buffer
GIF
key field
address
hexadecimal notation $\qquad$
LZW
ISO
truncation
ANSI
Unicode
flip-flop
two's complement
notation
JPEG
sector
floating-point notation $\qquad$
ASCII

## Descriptive Phrase

A. A means of encoding whole numbers
B. A storage area used to hold data on a temporary basis, often as a step in transferring the data from one device to another
C. A means of compressing an image file by restricting the number of colors available
D. A system developed by the American Standards Institute for encoding text.
E. A part of a logical record in a file used to identify the record.
F. A means of encoding numeric values that may involve fractions
G. A major standardization organization within the United States
H. An international organization for establishing standards
I. A digital circuit capable of holding a single digit
J. A means of encoding text in which each symbol is represented by 16 bits
K. A segment of a track in a mass storage system
L. A numeric value used to identify a memory cell
M. An error that may occur when using floating-point notation
N. A means of compressing images by blurring the boundaries between different colors while maintaining all brightness information
O. An efficient way of representing bit patterns
P. An example of adaptive dictionary encoding

